OLED DISPLAY SPECIFICATION





曜凌光電股份有限公司 Raystar Optronics, Inc.

T: +886-4-2565-0761 | F: +886-4-2565-0760

salescontact@raystar-optronics.com | www.raystar-optronics.com

REX128128B

General Specification

The features is described as follow:

■ Module Dimension: 37.18 x 41.23 x 2.05 mm

Active Area: 30.0 x 30.0 mm

■ Dot Matrix: 128 x 128

■ Pixel Size: 0.210 x 0.210 mm

■ Pixel Pitch: 0.235 x 0.235 mm

Display Mode: Passive Matrix

■ Duty: 1/128 Duty

Display Color: Monochrome

■ IC: SSD1327ZB

■ Interface: 6800,8080,SPI,I2C

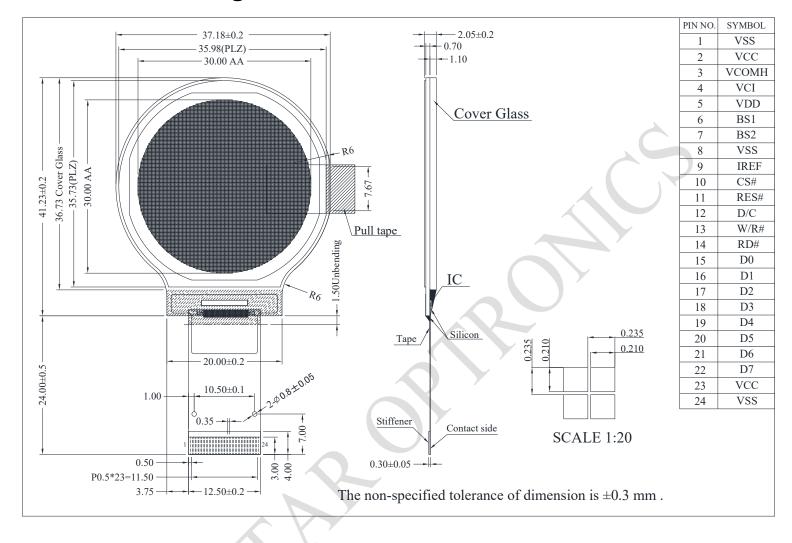
Size: 1.18-inch

Interface Pin Function

t positive power					
t positive power					
urce.					
. No external					
gic level. It					
t be connected to					
Power supply pin for core logic operation.					
etting as					
t.					
ī					
# is pulled LOW					
uted.					

Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			This pip is Data/Command control pip command to the MCII
When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at D[7:0] will be transferred to a command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection. When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: Unused pins are recommended to the LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When 12C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			·
D/C Command register.	12		When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data at D[7:0] will be interpreted as data.
command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection. When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When 12C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.		D/C	When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at D[7:0] will be transferred to a
When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.		D/C	command register.
This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D1 and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.
When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. 18 D3 When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: 19 D4 SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
(R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. D0 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface.
HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. DO 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write
When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. DO These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.		W/R#	(R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled
Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	13		HIGH and write mode when LOW.
This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input.
This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. DO These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is
When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS. 15 D0 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. Nhen serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			selected.
15 D0 16 D1 These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. 17 D2 Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. 18 D3 When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: 19 D4 SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. 20 D5 When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 23 VCC Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	14	RD#	When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected.
17 D2 Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW. 18 D3 When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: 19 D4 SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. 20 D5 When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	15	D0	
18 D3 When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: 19 D4 SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. 20 D5 When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as 21 D6 SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 23 VCC Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.		D1	These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus.
19 D4 SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC. 20 D5 When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
20 D5 When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
21 D6 SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. 22 D7 23 VCC Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
22 D7 23 VCC Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	-		Obrigati, Obrain in application and bo is the serial clock input, OOL.
24 VSS Ground pin.	24	VSS	Ground pin.

Contour Drawing



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4.0	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	19.0	V
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C

Electrical Characteristics

DC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Supply Voltage for Logic	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V			
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	14	14.5	15	V			
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×VCI	_	VCI	V			
Low Level Input	VIL	_	0	_	0.2×VCI	V			
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×VCI	_	VCI	V			
Low Level Output	VOL	_	0	_	0.1×VCI	V			
50% Check Board Operating	VCC =14.5V	_	24	26	mA				